

ENG 004 Lecture 15, Nov 15, 2012

Announcements

- Homework #6 due Tuesday, any questions?
- Read Chapter 10

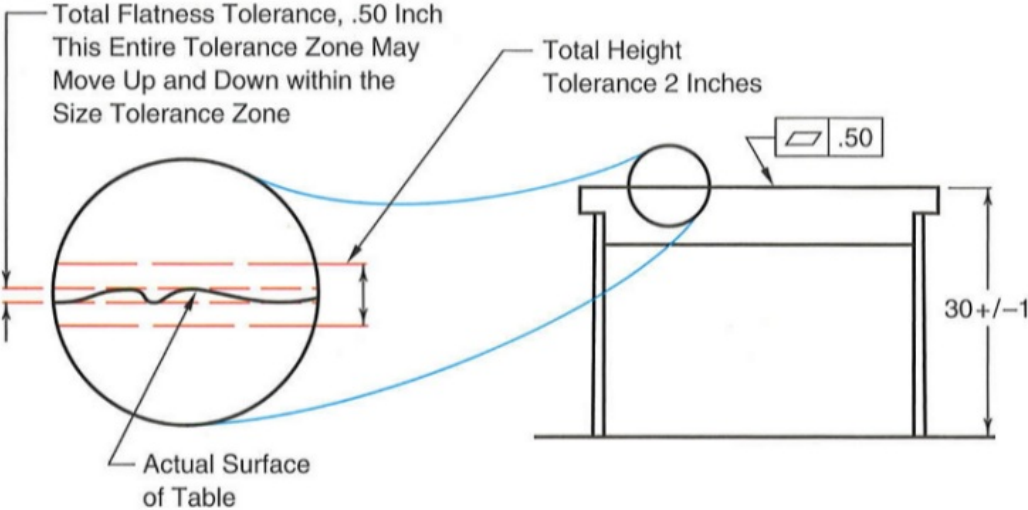
Topics

- Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing

Tolerancing

Tolerancing is the art and science of using the largest tolerance possible that will still allow a part to function.

Table Example



Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing

- A method of defining parts based on how they function, using standard ASME/ANSI symbols.
- Size control is the first rule
- Supplements size control in that it allows for feature/geometry control
- It uses a symbolic language

Rule #1

Individual Feature of Size

Where only a tolerance of size is specified, the limits of size of an individual feature prescribe the extent to which variations in its geometric form, as well as size, are allowed.

i.e.

If a feature is dimensioned only with a traditional tolerance, then that tolerance governs all of the tolerances for form. You only specify geometric dimensions and tolerances to supplement the traditional size/location tolerance.

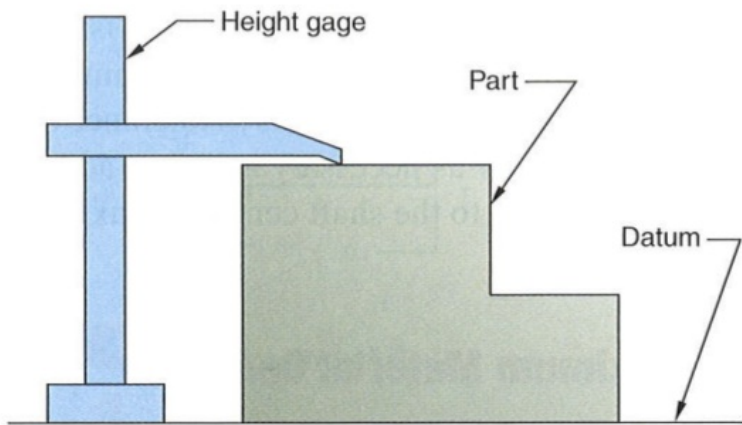
Datum

A starting place for a dimension such as a perfect plane, a center line, or a point.

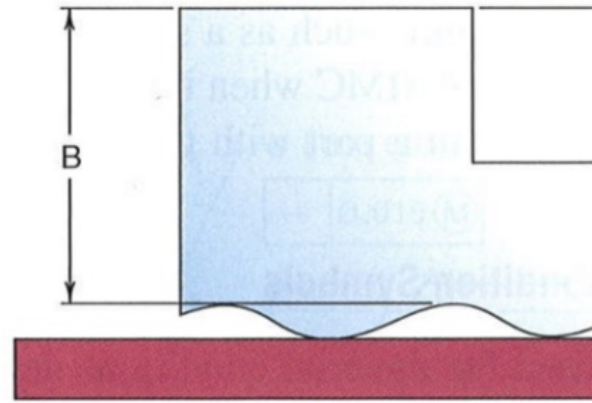
Datums are perfect, ideal constructs

In reality "perfection" of a datum can mean that it is at least 10 times more accurate than the accuracy of the part being measured.

Datum

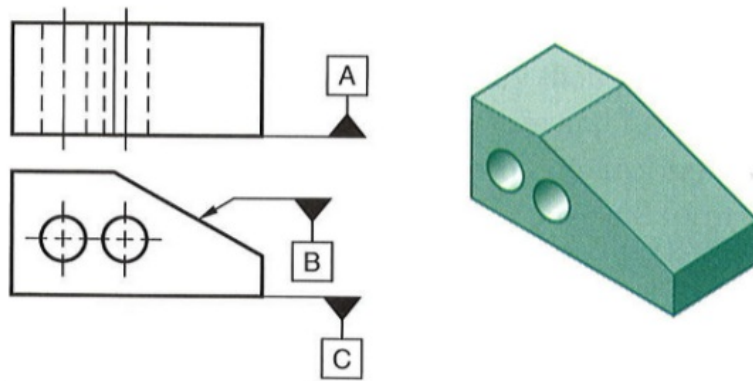


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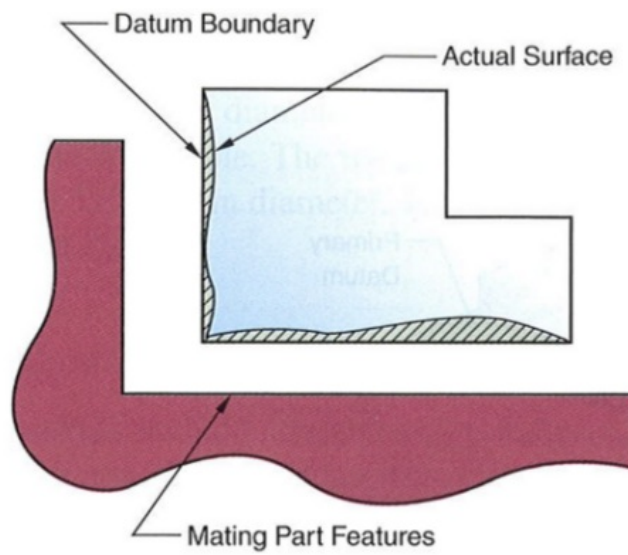
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Datum Symbols



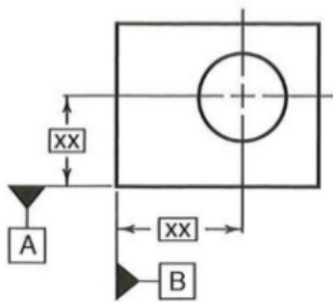
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Datum

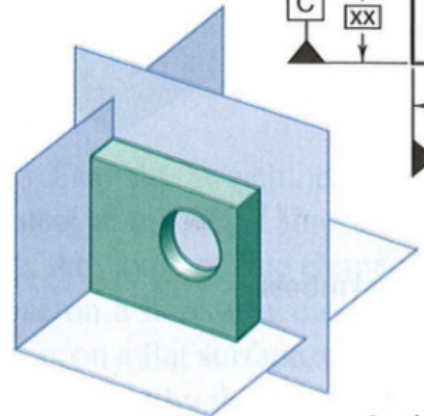
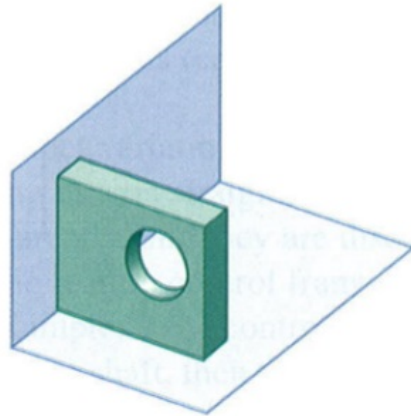


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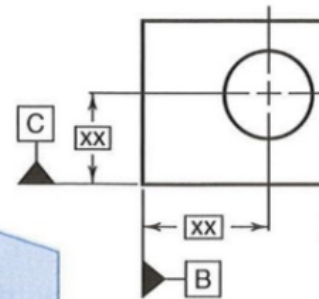
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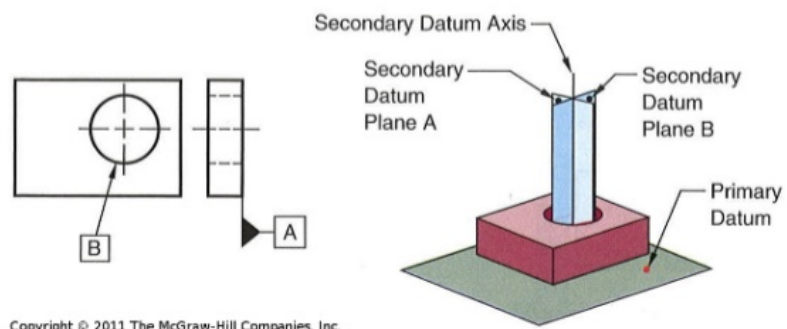
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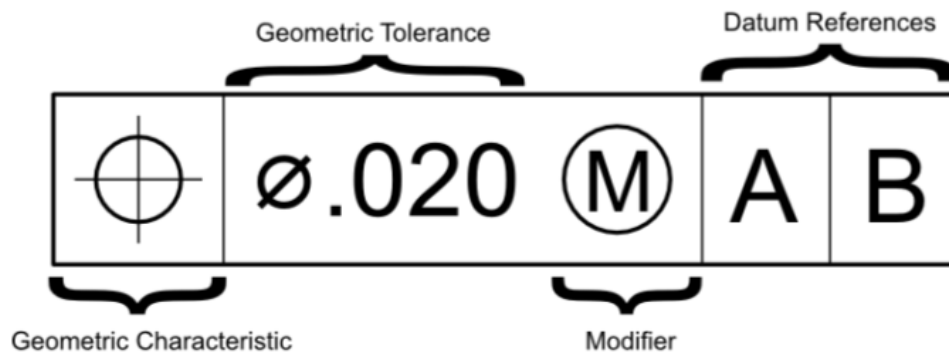


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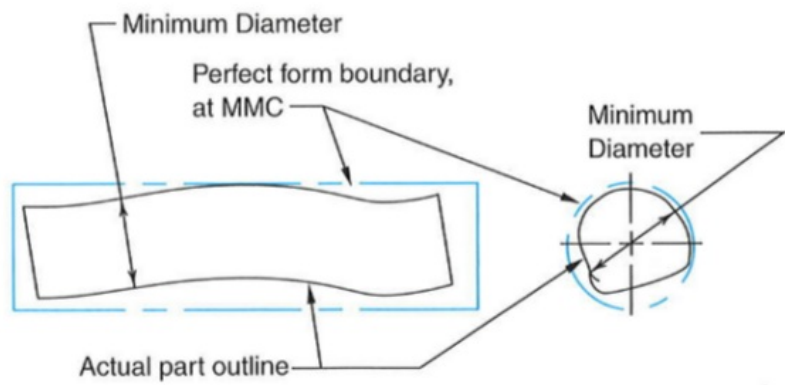
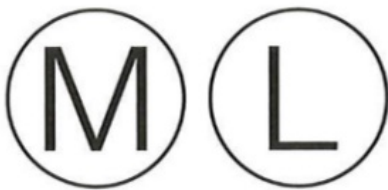
Feature Control Frame

Used to specify the geometric tolerances. It is divided into two or more zones.

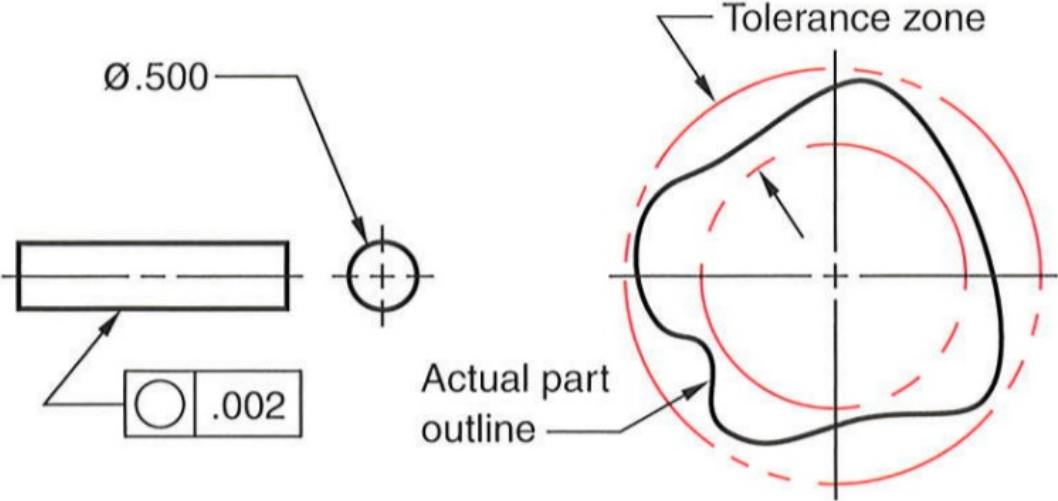


Feature Control Frame

Maximum/Least Material Condition







Tolerance Zone



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Geometric Characteristics

FEATURE	TYPE OF TOLERANCE	CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL
For individual features	<i>FORM</i>	Straightness	—
		Flatness	
		Circularity	○
		Cylindricity	
For individual or related features	<i>PROFILE</i>	Profile of a line	∩
		Profile of a surface	∩
For related features	<i>ORIENTATION</i>	Angularity	∠
		Perpendicularity	⊥
		Parallelism	//
	<i>LOCATION</i>	Position	⊕
		Concentricity	⊙
		Symmetry	≡
	<i>RUNOUT</i>	Circular runout	
		Total runout	

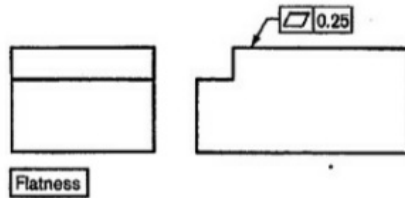
Tolerance Modifiers

TERM	SYMBOL
At maximum material condition	Ⓜ
At least material condition	Ⓛ
Projected tolerance zone	Ⓟ
Diameter	∅
Spherical diameter	S∅
Radius	R
Spherical radius	SR
Reference	()
Arc length	∩

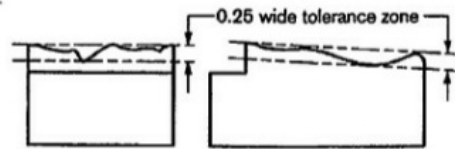
Flatness

FIGURE 12.71
Flatness (ANSI
Y14.5M-1994.)

This on the drawing...



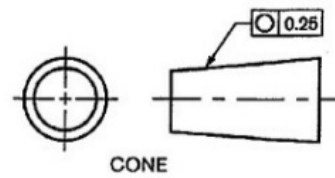
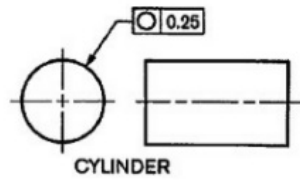
...means this



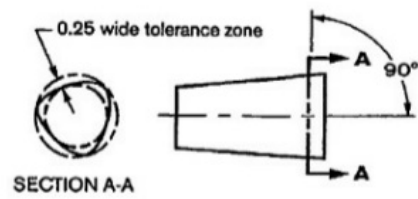
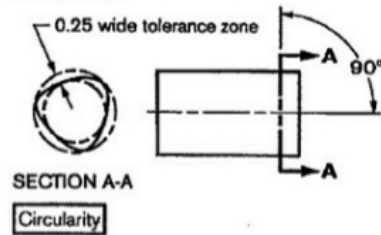
Circularity

FIGURE 12.72
Circularity (roundness)
(ANSI Y14.5M-1994.)

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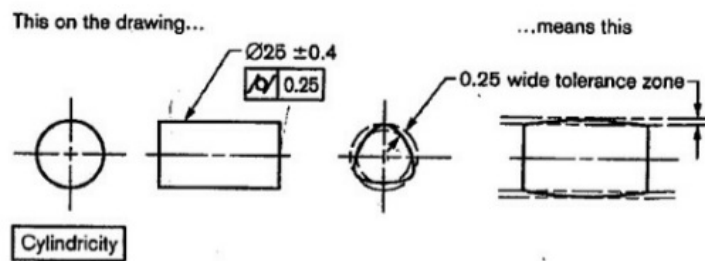


...means this



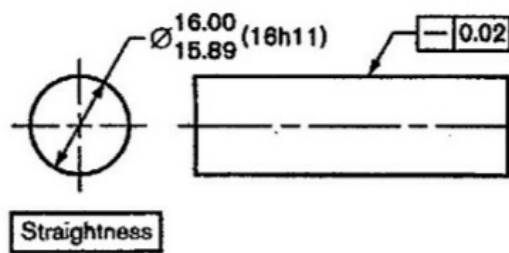
Cylindricity

FIGURE 12.73
Cylindricity (ANSI
Y14.5M-1994.)

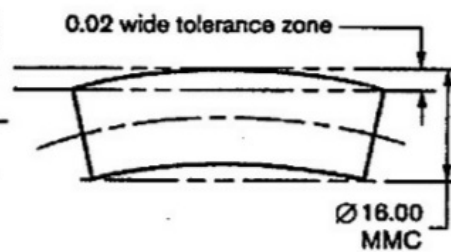


Straightness

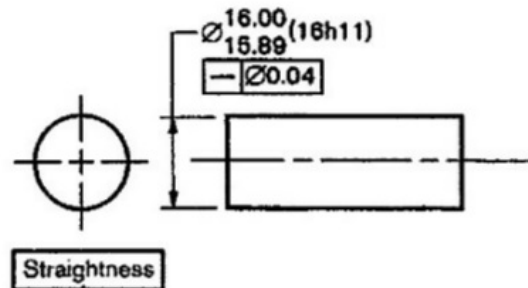
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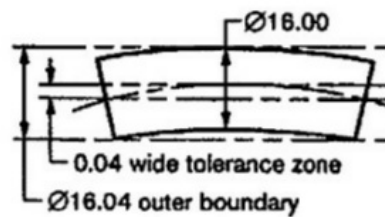
...means this



This on the drawing...



...means this



Parallelism

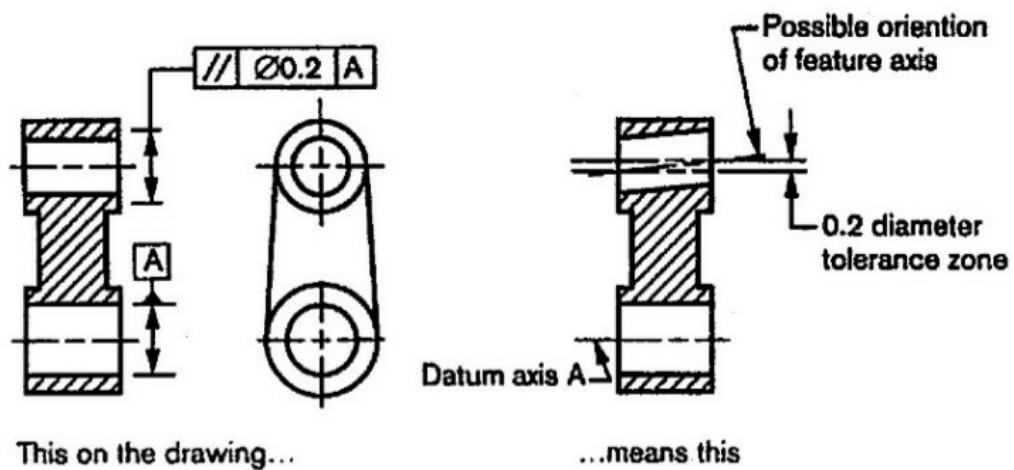
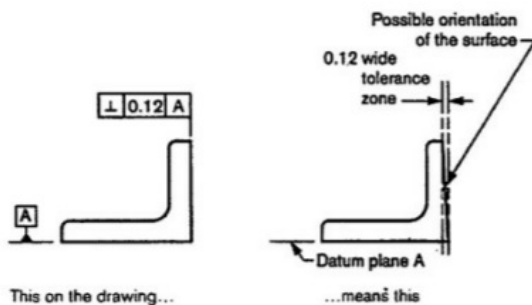


FIGURE 12.79
Parallelism for an axis

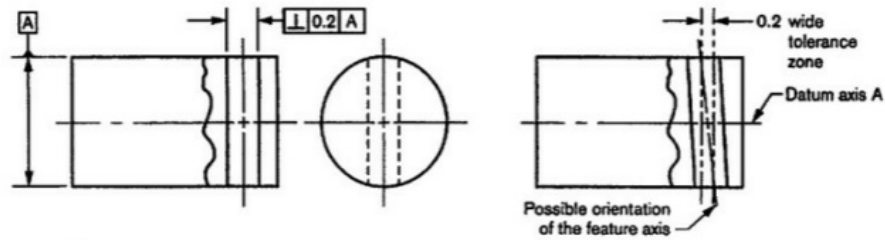
Perpendicularity



This on the drawing...

...means this

FIGURE 12.80
Perpendicularity for a plane

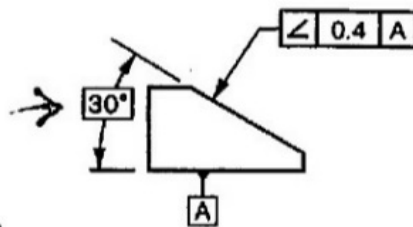


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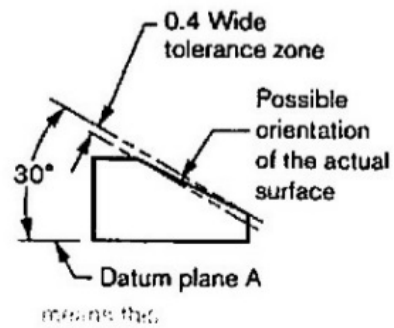
...means this

Angularity

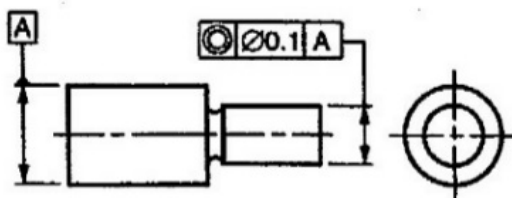
BASIC DIM. HAS NO SIZE CONTROL EXPLICITLY



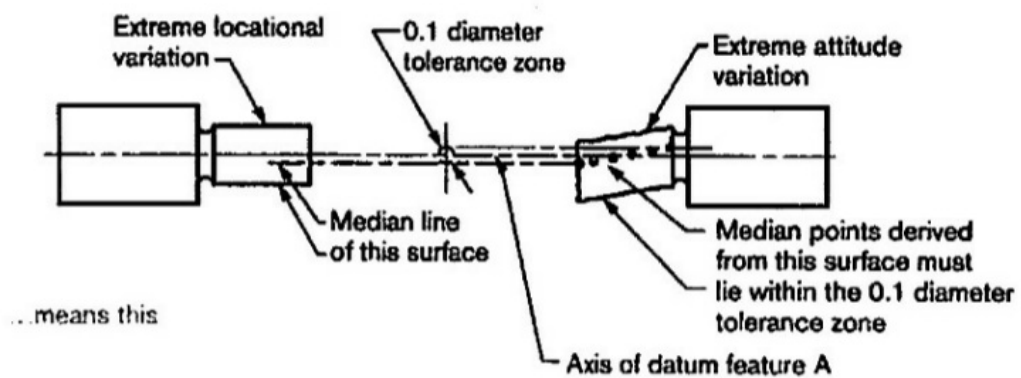
This on the drawing...



Concentricity



This on the drawing...



Surface Profile

